

## Design/System/Construction/Assembly Usage Disclaimer

- Authorities Having Jurisdiction should be consulted in all cases as to the particular requirements covering the installation and use of UL Certified products, equipment, system, devices, and materials.
- Authorities Having Jurisdiction should be consulted before construction.
- Fire resistance assemblies and products are developed by the design submitter and have been investigated by UL for compliance with applicable requirements. The published information cannot always address every construction nuance encountered in the field.
- When field issues arise, it is recommended the first contact for assistance be the technical service staff provided by the product manufacturer noted for the design. Users of fire resistance assemblies are advised to consult the general Guide Information for each product category and each group of assemblies. The Guide Information includes specifics concerning alternate materials and alternate methods of construction.
- Only products which bear UL's Mark are considered Certified.

BXUV - Fire Resistance Ratings - ANSI/UL 263 Certified for United States

BXUV7 - Fire Resistance Ratings - CAN/ULC-S101 Certified for Canada

[See General Information for Fire-resistance Ratings - ANSI/UL 263 Certified for United States Design Criteria and Allowable Variances](#)

[See General Information for Fire Resistance Ratings - CAN/ULC-S101 Certified for Canada Design Criteria and Allowable Variances](#)

Design No. **L597**

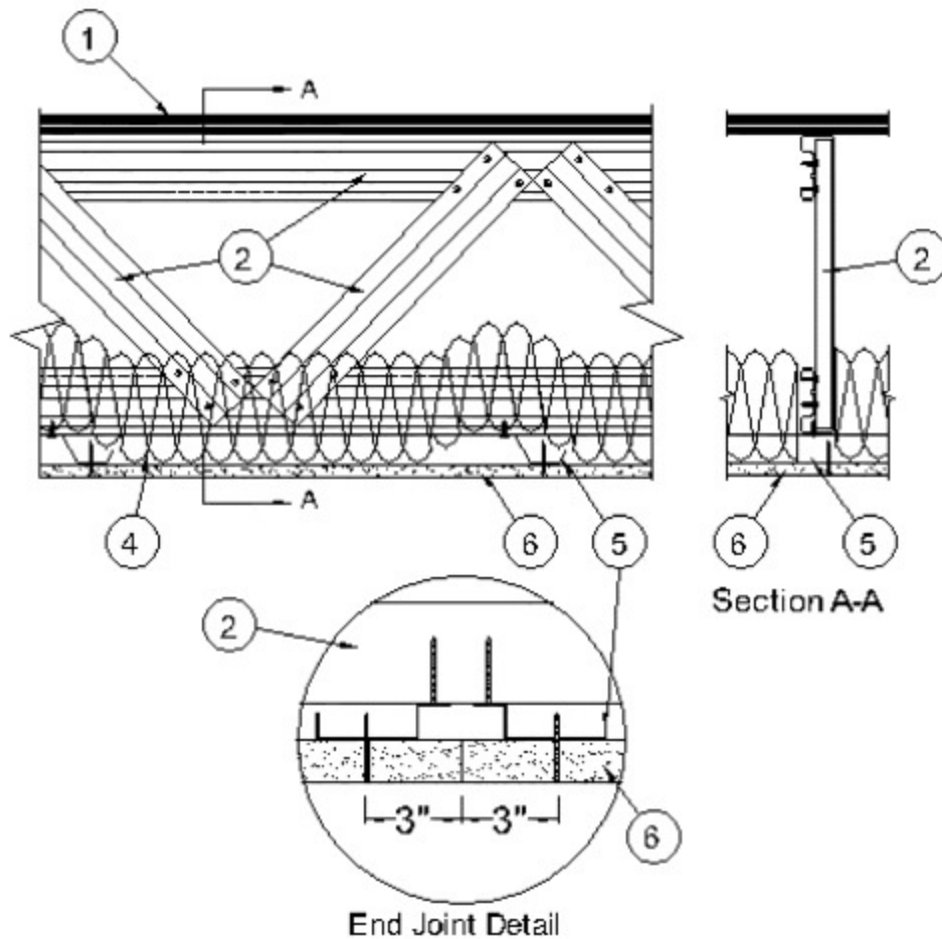
April 04, 2023

**Unrestrained Assembly Rating — 1 Hr**

**Unrestrained Beam Rating — 1 Hr**

**This design was evaluated using a load design method other than the Limit States Design Method (e.g., Working Stress Design Method). For jurisdictions employing the Limit States Design Method, such as Canada, a load restriction factor shall be used — See Guide [BXUV](#) or [BXUV7](#)**

**\* Indicates such products shall bear the UL or cUL Certification Mark for jurisdictions employing the UL or cUL Certification (such as Canada), respectively.**



1. **Flooring System** — The flooring system shall consist of one of the following:

**System No. 1**

**Subflooring** — Min 23/32 in. thick wood structural panels, min grade "Underlayment" or "Single-Floor". Face grain of plywood or strength axis of panel to be perpendicular to trusses with joints staggered 4 ft. Plywood or panel mechanically fastened to trusses 12 in. OC in conjunction with construction adhesive.

**Vapor Barrier** — (Optional) — Nom 0.030 in thick commercial asphalt saturated felt.

**Finish Flooring** — Min 1 by 4 in. T & G Lumber installed perpendicular to trusses, or min 15/32 in. thick wood structural panels, min grade "Underlayment" or "Single-Floor". Face grain of plywood or strength axis of panel to be perpendicular to trusses with joints staggered.

**System No. 2**

**Subflooring — Building Units\*** — Nom 3/4 in. thick, tongue and grooved boards. Long dimension of boards to be perpendicular to trusses with end joints staggered a min of 4 ft. and centered over the trusses. Boards secured to trusses with 2 in. long self-drilling, self-tapping screws spaced a max of 12 in. OC in the field with screws located 1 in. from long edge, and max 8 in. OC along the end joints with screws located 1/2 in. from end joint.

**ECTEK INTERNATIONAL INC** — Type MegaBoard

**Vapor Barrier** — (Optional) — Nom 0.030 in thick commercial asphalt saturated felt.

**Finish Flooring** — Min 1 by 4 in. T & G Lumber installed perpendicular to trusses, or min 15/32 in. thick wood structural panels, min grade "Underlayment" or "Single-Floor". Face grain of plywood or strength axis of panel to be perpendicular to trusses with joints staggered.

2. **Structural Steel Members\*** — Pre-fabricated light gauge steel truss system consisting of cold-formed, galvanized steel chord and web sections. Trusses fabricated in various sizes, depths, and from various steel thickness. Trusses spaced max 48 in. OC.

**AEGIS METAL FRAMING, DIV OF MITEK** — Ultra-Span, Pre-fabricated Light Gauge Steel Truss System

**TRUSSTEEL, DIV OF ITW BUILDING COMPONENTS INC** — TrusSteel

3. **Bridging** — (Not Shown) — Location of lateral bracing for truss chord and web sections to be specified on truss engineering.
4. **Batts and Blankets\*** — (Optional) — Any thickness of mineral wool or glass fiber insulation fitted in the concealed space, draped over the resilient channels and gypsum board ceiling membrane. Any mineral wool or glass fiber insulation bearing the UL Classification Marking for Surface Burning Characteristics having a flame spread index of 25 or less and a smoke developed index of 50 or less may be used.  
See **Batts and Blankets** (BKNV) category in the Building Materials Directory for names of manufacturers.
- 4A. **Loose Fill Material\*** — (Optional) — As an alternate to Item 4, any thickness of loose fill material installed on top of gypsum board ceiling membrane. Any loose fill material bearing the UL Classification Marking for Surface Burning Characteristics having a flame spread index of 25 or less and a smoke developed index of 50 or less may be used.  
See **Loose Fill Materials** (BPHX) category in the Building Materials Directory for names of manufacturers.
5. **Resilient Channels** — Resilient channels formed of 25 MSG galv steel, installed perpendicular to the trusses spaced max 16 in. OC. When batt insulation (Item 4) is fitted in the concealed space and draped over the resilient channel/gypsum board ceiling membrane, or when loose fill insulation (Item 4A) is used, resilient channel spacing shall be max 12 in. OC. Channels secured to each truss with 1/2 in. long Type S12 steel screws. Channel splices located beneath trusses and overlapped 4 in. Two channels, spaced 6 in. OC, oriented opposite each gypsum board end joint as shown in end joint detail. Additional channels shall extend min 6 in. beyond each side edge of board. As an alternate to the resilient channels, furring channels (Item 5A) or **Steel Framing Members\*** (Item 5B) may be used.
- 5A. **Furring Channels** — (Not Shown) — As an alternate to Item 5, resilient channels, double legged formed of 25 MSG galv steel, 2-7/8 in. wide by 1/2 in. deep, installed perpendicular to the trusses spaced max 16 in. OC. When batt insulation (Item 4) is fitted in the concealed space and draped over the resilient channel/gypsum board ceiling membrane, or when loose fill insulation (Item 4A) is used, resilient channel spacing shall be max 12 in. OC. Channels secured to each truss with 1/2 in. long Type S12 steel screws or with No. 18 SWG galv steel wire double strand saddle ties. Channel splices located beneath trusses and overlapped 4 in. Channels tied together at splices with double strand of No. 18 SWG galv steel wire at each end of overlap. Two channels, spaced 6 in. OC, oriented opposite each gypsum board end joint as shown in end joint detail. Additional channels shall extend min 6 in. beyond each side edge of board.
- 5B. **Steel Framing Members\*** — (Optional, Not Shown) — As an alternate to Item 5.
- a. **Furring Channels** — Formed of No. 25 MSG galv steel, nominal 2-1/2 in. wide by 7/8 in. deep, spaced as indicated in Item 5, perpendicular to trusses. Channels secured to Cold Rolled Channels at every intersection with a 3/4 in. TEK screw through each furring channel leg. Ends of adjoining channels overlapped 12 in. and fastened together with two double strand No. 18 SWG galv steel wire ties, one at each end of overlap, or with two 3/4 in. TEK screws in each leg of the overlap section. Two furring channels used at end joints of gypsum board (Item 6), each extending a min of 6 in. beyond both side edges of the board.
- b. **Cold Rolled Channels** — 1-1/2 in. by 1/2 in., formed from No. 16 ga. galv steel, positioned vertically and parallel to trusses, friction-fitted into the channel caddy on the Steel Framing Members (Item 5Bd) and secured with two 3/4 in. TEK screws. Adjoining lengths of cold rolled channels lapped min. 12 in. and secured along bottom legs with four 3/4 in. TEK screws and wire-tied together with two double strand 18 SWG galv steel wire ties, one at each end of overlap.
- c. **Blocking** — Where truss design does not permit direct, full contact of the hanger bracket, a piece of nominal 3-5/8 in. x 20 ga. steel stud (blocking), min. 12 in. long to permit full contact of the hanger bracket, to be secured vertically to the side of the trusses at the top and bottom of the blocking at each Steel Framing Member (Item 5Bd) location with minimum 2-1/2 in. screws.
- d. **Steel Framing Members\*** — Spaced 48 in. OC. max along truss, and secured to the truss on alternating trusses with two, No. 10-16 TEK screws through mounting holes on the hanger bracket.  
**PAC INTERNATIONAL L L C** — Type RSIC-SI-CRC EZ Clip

- 5C. **Steel Framing Members\*** — (Optional, Not Shown) — As an alternate to Item 5.
- a. **Furring Channels** — Formed of No. 25 MSG galv steel, nominal 2-1/2 in. wide by 7/8 in. deep, spaced as indicated in Item 5, perpendicular to trusses and friction fit into Steel Framing Members (Item 5Cc). Ends of adjoining channels overlapped 6 in. and tied together with double strand of No. 18 SWG galv steel wire near each end of overlap or with two TEK screws along each leg of the 6 in.

overlap. Two furring channels used at end joints of gypsum board (Item 6). Butt joint channels held in place by strong back channels placed upside down, on top of, and running perpendicular to primary furring channels, extending 6 in. longer than length of gypsum side joint. Strong back channels spaced maximum 48 in. OC. Strong back channels secured to every intersection of primary furring channels with four 7/16 in. pan head screws, two along each of the legs at intersections. Butt joint channels run perpendicular to strong back channels and shall be minimum 6 in. longer than length of joint, secured to strong back channels with 7/16 in. pan head screws, two along each of the legs at intersection with strong back channels.

b. **Blocking** — Where truss design does not permit direct, full contact of the hanger bracket, a piece of nominal 3-5/8 in. x 20 ga. steel stud (blocking), min. 12 in. long to permit full contact of the hanger bracket, to be secured vertically to the side of the trusses at the top and bottom of the blocking at each Steel Framing Member (Item 5Cc) location with minimum 2-1/2 in. screws.

c. **Steel Framing Members\*** — Used to attach furring channels (Item 5Ca) to trusses. Clips spaced 48 in. OC and secured along truss webs at each furring channel intersection with min. 3/4 in. long self-drilling No. 10-16 TEK screws through each of the provided hole locations. Furring channels are friction fitted into clips.

**PAC INTERNATIONAL L L C** — Type RSIC-S1-1 Ultra

5D. **Steel Framing Members\*** — (Optional, Not Shown) — As an alternate to Item 5.

a. **Furring Channels** — Formed of No. 25 MSG galv steel. 2-9/16 in. in. wide by 7/8 in. deep, spaced as described in item 5, perpendicular to trusses. Channels secured to trusses as described in Item b. Ends of adjoining channels overlapped 6 in. and tied together with double strand of No. 18 SWG galv steel wire near each end of overlap.

b. **Steel Framing Members\*** — Used to attach furring channels (Item a) to the steel trusses (Item 2). Clips spaced a max of 48 in. OC. RSIC-1 clips secured to trusses with No. 8 x 1-5/8 in. fine thread screw through the center grommet. Furring channels are friction fitted into clips. RSIC-1 clips for use with 2-9/16 in. wide furring channels. Adjoining channels are overlapped as described in Item a. As an alternate, ends of adjoining channels may be overlapped 6 in. and secured together with two self-tapping No. 6 framing screws, min. 7/16 in. long at the midpoint of the overlap, with one screw on each flange of the channel.

**PAC INTERNATIONAL L L C** — Type RSIC-1

6. **Gypsum Board\*** — For use with resilient channels (Item 5) or furring channels (Item 5A) - Nom 5/8 in. thick, 48 in. wide gypsum board installed with long dimension perpendicular to resilient channels. Gypsum board secured with 1 in. long Type S bugle head steel screws spaced 12 in. OC along butted end joints and in the field. End joints secured to both pieces of resilient channel as shown in end joint detail. When batt insulation (Item 4) is fitted in the concealed space and draped over the resilient channel/gypsum board ceiling membrane, or when loose fill insulation (Item 4A) is used, screw spacing shall be 8 in. OC along butted end joints and in the field. When **Steel Framing Members** (Item 5B) are used, nom 5/8 in. thick, 4 ft wide gypsum board, installed as described in Item 6. Adjacent butt joints staggered minimum 48 in. OC.

When **Steel Framing Members** (Item 5C) are used, nom 5/8 in. thick, 4 ft wide gypsum board, installed as described in Item 6. Butt joints staggered minimum 24 in. OC.

When **Steel Framing Members** (Item 5D) are used, gypsum panels installed with long dimensions perpendicular to furring channels. Panels attached to the furring channels using 1 in. long Type S bugle-head steel screws spaced 8 in. OC along butted end joints and in the field of the panel. Butted end joints shall be staggered min. 2 ft within the assembly, and occur midway between the continuous furring channels. Each end of each gypsum panel shall be supported by a single length of furring channel equal to the width of the gypsum panel plus 6 in. on each end. The two support furring channels shall be spaced approximately 3-1/2 in. OC, and be attached with one clip at each end of the channel.

**AMERICAN GYPSUM CO** — Type AG-C

**GEORGIA-PACIFIC GYPSUM L L C** — Type TG-C

7. **Finishing System** — (Not Shown) — Vinyl, dry or premixed joint compound, applied in two coats to joints and screw-heads. Nom 2 in. wide paper tape embedded in first layer of compound over all joints. As an alternate, nom 3/32 in. thick veneer plaster may be applied to the entire surface of gypsum board.

8. **Steel Beam** — (Optional, Not Shown) — W8x35 min size, used to support structural steel members (Item 2) at ends.

**\* Indicates such products shall bear the UL or cUL Certification Mark for jurisdictions employing the UL or cUL Certification (such as Canada), respectively.**

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